

FORM TP 2016150

MAY/JUNE 2016

CARIBBEAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CARIBBEAN ADVANCED PROFICIENCY EXAMINATION®

BIOLOGY

UNIT 1 - Paper 02

2 hours 30 minutes

READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY.

- This paper consists of SIX questions in TWO sections. Answer ALL questions.
- Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.
- 3. Do NOT write in the margins.
- 4. You may use a silent, non-programmable calculator to answer questions.
- 5. You are advised to take some time to read through the paper and plan your answers.
- If you need to rewrite any answer and there is not enough space to do so
 on the original page, you must use the extra lined page(s) provided at the
 back of this booklet. Remember to draw a line through your original
 answer.
- 7. If you use the extra page(s), you MUST write the question number clearly in the box provided at the top of the extra page(s) and, where relevant, include the question part beside the answer.

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

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SECTION A

Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

1. (a) Figure 1 shows the formation of sucrose.

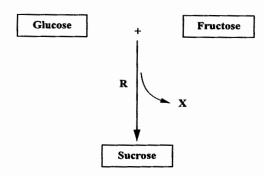
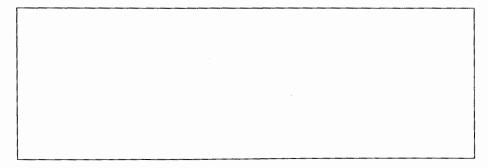


Figure 1. Formation of sucrose

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	R	
(i)	Name the reaction labelled R and the reaction product labelled X in Figure 1.	

(ii) In the box below, illustrate the full molecular ring structure of the glucose molecule involved in the reaction in Figure 1.



[2 marks]

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE

			- 5 -
•	((iii)	With reference to the molecular structure of sucrose, explain why sucrose has advantage over glucose as a transport sugar in plants.
			[3 mark
	(b)	(i)	Draw a simple labelled diagram to illustrate the fluid mosaic model of plasmembrane structure.
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	(ii)	With reference to the fluid mosaic model, explain how large polar molecules ca
	(ii)	With reference to the fluid mosaic model, explain how large polar molecules ca
	((ii)	With reference to the fluid mosaic model, explain how large polar molecules capass through the membrane.
		(ii)	[5 mark] With reference to the fluid mosaic model, explain how large polar molecules capass through the membrane.

(iv)	Using the table of probabilities provided below, and with reference to the calculated Chi-square value from Table 2, evaluate the validity of the hypothesis.						
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	[2 marks]						

TABLE 3: CHI-SQUARE DISTRIBUTION

Degrees	Probability										
of Freedom	0.95	0.90	0.80	0.75	0.50	0.30	0.20	0.10	0.05	0.01	0.001
1	0.004	0.02	0.06	0.15	0.46	1.07	1.64	2.71	3.84	6.64	10.83
2	0.10	0.21	0.45	0.71	1.39	2.41	3.22	4.60	5.99	9.21	13.82
3	0.35	0.58	1.01	1.42	2.37	3.66	4.64	6.25	7.82	11.34	16.27
4	0.71	1.06	1.65	2.20	3.36	4.88	5.99	7.78	9.49	13.28	18.47
5	1.14	1.61	2.34	3.00	4.35	6.06	7.29	9.24	11.07	15.09	20.52
6	1.63	2.20	3.07	3.83	5.35	7.23	8.56	10.64	12.59	16.81	22.46
7	2.17	2.83	3.82	4.67	6.35	8.38	9.80	12.02	14.07	18.48	24.32
8	2.73	3.49	4.59	5.53	7.34	9.52	11.03	13.36	15.51	20.09	26.12
9	3.32	4.17	5.38	6.39	8.34	10.66	12.24	14.68	16.92	21.67	27.88
10	3.94	4.86	6.18	7.27	9.34	11.78	13.44	15.99	18.31	23.21	29.59
	Nonsignificant						Significant				

Total 15 marks

3. (a) Figure 2 is a photomicrograph showing a cross section of a mature anther.

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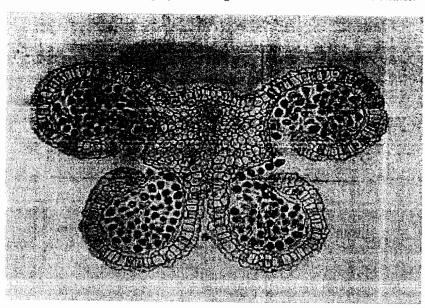


Figure 2. Photomicrograph of a mature anther

Source: http://www.microscopyview.com/MENU/M14-BOTA/S14A-01-16/S1-102A.html

In the box below, make a plan drawing of the anther in Figure 2. Use annotable labels to identify TWO tissues.

marks]

SECTION B

Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

According to the endosymbiotic theory, organelles such as mitochondria and chloroplasts

(a)

are	are thought to have evolved from prokaryotes.							
(i)	Explain what is meant by the term 'endosymbiosis' and how it relates to the origin of these organelles in eukaryotes.							
	[3 marks]							

3

ii)	Discuss THREE lines of evidence in support of this theory.
	[6 marks

	[7 marks]	
(b)	Explain the steps involved in the use of recombinant DNA technology for the production of human insulin from bacteria under the following headings:	
	- Gene isolation	
	 Gene insertion into a vector 	
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(b)	Gonadal hormones coordinate activities of the ovary and uterus in human females. Give a brief description of the THREE main phases in the uterine cycle and for EACH phase, comment on the role of gonadal hormones. Include the names of the gonadal hormones.
	,
	[7 marks]

Total 15 marks

END OF TEST

IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, CHECK YOUR WORK ON THIS TEST.